Kyoto by the sea
- The source of Japan -

Approx. 2 hours from Kyoto Station to Amanohashidate Station!!

Kyoto by the sea

Amanohashidate

Kyoto Maizuru Port

Osaka International Airport
(Kanazawa Airport)

Chubu Centrair International Airport, Nagoya (Centrair)

Kansai International Airport

Nagoya

Kyoto

Osaka
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A Shinto and Buddhist Sanctuary
Near “Amanohashidate”, one of Japan’s three most famous scenic views, are numerous sacred sites worshipping the archetypal deities and buddhas of Japan, such as “the God of Food and Textiles”, “the God of the Sun”, and “the Buddha of Wisdom.” Also located in this area is “Chirimen Street” where lingers the vestige of a modern town that flourished as a major producer of “Tango Chirimen”, a fabric used in high-end Japanese kimonos.

A Lush Land of Nature’s Gifts
Highlights include the 230 funaya boat houses that line the bay in “Ine”, as well as the blue waters and sheer cliffs along the coastline (geopark) of Tango Peninsula. Hot springs and fresh seafood are particularly abundant in this area.

An Exploration of Early Modern and Modern Relics
The red-brick structures of “Maizuru”, which prospered as a port town. The castle town of “Fukuchiyama” built by Akechi Mitsuhide, a feudal warlord. The townscape of “Ayabe”, which evolved together with the global textile manufacturer “Gunze”. Enjoy the unique atmosphere of each town.

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“Kyoto by the sea” is also well-known as the hometown of “Touyouke-no-okami”, the God of Food and Textiles, marking this area as the “birthplace of Japan’s food culture”.

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A-1 Amanohashidate

"Amanohashidate", one of Japan's three most famous scenic views, is a naturally-formed geographical feature that straddles a narrow and long, shallow, lagoon. The lagoon's irregularity has inspired the god who created Japan to use a ladder as a means of traveling back and forth between heaven and earth. One day, this ladder fell and became "Amanohashidate". The spectacular and mystical landscape can be viewed from two observatories.

A-2 Chionji Temple

Enshrined in Chionji Temple is one of Japan's three important statues of Monju -- "Monju Bosatsu", the Buddha of Wisdom. Wisdom in this case refers to the ability to make correct judgments and respond appropriately. According to legend, "Monju Bosatsu" bestowed wisdom upon a dragon that was wreaking havoc in the region. The repentant dragon fell and became Amanohashidate. This spectacular and mystical landscape can be viewed from two observatories.

A-3 Nariaji Temple

Nariaji Temple is located on the side of a mountain overlooking Amanohashidate. The principle image is the "Migawari Kannon (Self-sacrificing Kannon)" who, according to legend, saved people from starvation by carving off her own flesh. This buddha is also known as the "Bijin Kannon (Beautiful Kannon)", who is said to bestow worshippers with beauty of the body and soul. Nariaji Temple is also a popular flower-viewing spot, with cherry blossoms and rhododendrons in the spring and maple leaves in autumn.

A-4 Motoise Kono Shrine

Since ancient times, Motoise Kono Shrine gave worship to "Toyouke-no-okami", the God of Food and Textiles, which is the ancestral god of this region. The shrine also enshrined, for a time, "Amaterasu-omikami", the God of the Sun, which is the ancestral god of the Imperial Family. Because these two gods are currently enshrined in Ise Shrine, this shrine is referred to as "Motoise (Original Ise)". Due to its background, Motoise Kono Shrine is of high prestige. The main hall has the same architectural style (shinmei-zukuri style) as Ise Shrine. The Okumiya (inner shrine) of Motoise Kono Shrine, Manai Shrine is where the god who created Japan, as well as numerous other gods, such as "Toyouke-no-okami" and "Amaterasu-omikami", were enshrined in ancient times. The ancient site of worship from approx. 2,500 years ago still remains on the grounds of the shrine. The gods are said to have traveled between heaven and earth using the ladder, "Amanohashidate", erected at this location.

A-5 Manai Shrine

The Okumiya (inner shrine) of Motoise Kono Shrine, Manai Shrine is located on the side of a mountain overlooking Amanohashidate. The principle image is the "Migawari Kannon (Self-sacrificing Kannon)" who, according to legend, saved people from starvation by carving off her own flesh. This buddha is also known as the "Bijin Kannon (Beautiful Kannon)", who is said to bestow worshippers with beauty of the body and soul. Manai Shrine is also a popular flower-viewing spot, with cherry blossoms and rhododendrons in the spring and maple leaves in autumn.

A-6 Mt. Oe

Motoise shrines, such as "Motoise Naku Koutai Shrine" which enshrined "Amaterasu-omikami" and "Motoise Geku Toyoyake Daijinja Shrine" which enshrined "Toyouke-no-okami" can also be found on Mt. Oe, famed in oni (demon) legends. On cold early mornings in autumn, visitors may catch a view of an "unkai (sea of clouds)" from "Onitake Inari Shrine" near the top of Mt. Oe (only accessible by car).

A-7 Chirimen Street

"Kyoto by the sea" is the hometown of "Toyouke-no-okami", the God of Food and Textiles, and can also be considered the "Birthplace of Textiles". In the modern age, this region prospered as a major producer of "Tango Chirimen (a fabric imparted with an uneven surface by a special technique)" that is the silk fabric used in high-end Japanese kimonos. A townscapewith the modern atmosphere of this period still remains at Chirimen Street, a perfect backdrop for a stroll in a rental kimono.

A-8 Old House of the Bito Family

Built in 1863, this former residence of an old family of chirimen merchants showcases a blend of Japanese and Western designs. The family’s furniture and accessories are on display, creating a retro-style atmosphere.

A-9 Chirimen Accessories

A variety of accessories created from silk "Tango Chirimen" fabric can be purchased at the tourist information center.
A Lush Land of Nature’s Gifts

Funaya Boat Houses in Ine

“Funaya (the boat houses of Ine)” are constructed such that the first floor is a garage-like space for boats, with living quarters upstairs. The row of approx. 230 boat houses surrounding the waters of Ine Bay is a unique sight found nowhere else in the world.

Ine Bay Boat Tour

The “Ine Bay Boat Tour”, an approx. 25-minute tour of the Ine Bay, offers a view of the boat houses that cannot be seen from land. Birdfeed is available for purchase at the pier and inside the boat. Hold some out from the boat and watch the seagulls gather.

Rental Bicycle

Take a leisurely ride around Ine on a rental bicycle.

Sake from Mukai Shuzo (open every day)

In the sake business for approx. 260 years since establishment in 1754, Mukai Shuzo is currently headed by a female master brewer. The brewery’s hit sake, “Ine-Mankai”, is created from an ancient variety of rice, which gives it a red color, and has a fruity flavor.

San’in Kaigan Geopark

Jutting into the sea, the Tango Peninsula has a Ria coast and boasts a diverse landscape of sheer cliffs and other features.

Tateiwa

Located on Nochigahama Beach, “Tateiwa” looms at a height of 20 meters, creating a spectacular contrast with the blue sea. (Nearest bus stop is “Tenki-tenki Mura”)

Yuhigaura

A fantastic spot for sunsets, the golden reflection on the sea surface just before sunset is known as “sun mirror”. Take time out to sit on the bench and enjoy the sunset. Yuhigaura is also great for swimming in the summer. (Nearest train station is “Yuhigaura-kitsu-onsen”)

Gosho Inaba Honke

Gosho Inaba Honke is the house of a wealthy merchant who built his fortune in the early modern period, using ships for coastal trade. Try the local favorite eats, “Bara-zushi” and “Bota-mochi”. (Nearest train station is “Kumihama”)

“Shoku-no-Miyako” Tango Kingdom

On the vast grounds are a market selling fresh vegetables as well as restaurants that serve dishes using plenty of local ingredients such as seafood. Savor the “food culture” of “Kyoto by the sea”. Shuttle buses available from Amino Station and Mineyama Station. (Free of charge)

Hot Springs and Gourmet Ryokan Inns Galore

This area is home to numerous hot springs, as well as ryokan inns that serve “Japanese cuisine” featuring fresh seafood.
Maizuru Brick Park
(Free admission)
Red-bricked structures can be found throughout Maizuru, which developed as a port town in the modern age. In particular, the red-bricked warehouses at Maizuru Brick Park are brimming with retro charm and have also been designated an Important Cultural Property of Japan. Another highlight is the 5,300-year-old dugout canoe that was excavated in Maizuru and is considered one of the oldest in the world.

Maizuru World Brick Museum
The theme of Maizuru World Brick Museum is the various bricks from around the world. Also part of the group of red-brickled warehouses, this building is a great treasure even among the other brick structures currently in existence.

Harbor Sight-seeing Cruise
The sightseeing boat for a tour of Maizuru Bay departs from the pier on the east side of the Maizuru World Brick Museum. Catch a close-up view of the Self-Defense Force vessels on a stopover at the SDF base.

A Timeless, Retro Port Town

A Town That Grew Together with Global Textile Manufacturer “Gunze”

Gunze Museum
Housed in four repurposed cocoon warehouses built in the 1910s, Gunze Museum features exhibits highlighting Gunze’s technological advancements and more. At this spot, together with the nearby Gunze Memorial Hall (former Head Office of Gunze), buildings that are designated Heritage of Industrial Modernization convey the history and culture of the region, which prospered as a town of sericulture and silk reeling.

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Ayabe Gunze Square
Available for purchase at Ayabe Tokusankan are local specialties such as produce, rice, sake, snacks, Japanese tea, and craftwork. Also available are accessories crafted from handmade washi paper (Kurotani washi). Pour yourself a cup of Gyokuro or other Japanese tea at the cafe, and enjoy.

Ayabe Rose Garden
Planted in Ayabe Rose Garden are 1,200 bushes of 120 types of roses. The “Rose Festival” is held during the rose season, for about a month from late May, and for about a month from mid-October. Don’t miss “Anne’s Rose”, cultivated from a seedling received from Anne Frank’s father.

Fukuchiyama Castle
Fukuchiyama Castle was built by the feudal warlord, “Akechi Mitsuhide”. The three-layered, four-storied castle tower is beautiful in its practical design and presents a stately appearance. The stone walls created by ruggedly-stacked stone pagodas, in addition to natural rock, is also a sight to see.

Goriyo Shrine (Free admission)
Enshrined in Goriyo Shrine is the spirit of Akechi Mitsuhide, who is revered by the local residents to this day for his wise governance, such as carrying out construction to protect the town from flooding from Yura River. “Kanae Ishi (granting stone)”, which is said to reward worshippers for their endeavors, can also be found on the grounds of the shrine.

A Town That Grew Together with Global Textile Manufacturer “Gunze”

Ayabe Tokusankan
For more information, please contact the tourist information center located near the castle.

Gunze Memorial Hall (Former Head Office of Gunze)

Kurotani Washi
Kurotani washi is famous as washi paper made using a traditional handmade technique that has been passed down for 800 years. Not only is the washi paper so strong, it’s untearable by hand, it is also said to last a thousand years.

Kurotani washi is known among connoisseurs as “a renowned producer of Japanese sea”. It is among the most expensive, and anywhere from ¥1,000 to ¥10,000 per sheet. Its fine layers and smooth finish make it easy to write on, and a single sheet can last a whole lifetime without tearing in half.
Food

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Tango-produced Koshihikari

“Kyoto by the sea” is said to be the first place in Japan where the God of Food (Toyouke-no-okami) planted rice. The quality of “Tango Koshihikari”, carefully grown on such land, is of the highest rank (Special A).

Tango Torigai (Cockles) (From May through June)

The giant Tango Torigai cockles, which at their largest have a shell of about 10 cm in diameter, are significantly larger and thicker than typical cockles. Consistent production and availability of such large cockles is possible only in “Kyoto by the sea”.

Chie-no-Mochi

Chie-no-Mochi, a soft rice cake covered with a heap of sweet bean paste, is available at four shops, all established in 1690 and located in front of the gate, on the grounds of Chionji Temple in Amanohashidate. “Monju Bosatsu” bestowed the method for making Chie-no-Mochi upon a worshipper in a dream, thus starting the history of Chie-no-Mochi. It is said that a person who eats Chie-no-Mochi will be blessed with wisdom from “Monju Bosatsu”.

Taiza Crab (From November through March)

The quintessential winter delicacy of “Kyoto by the sea” is the Matsuba crab. Of the Matsuba crabs, Taiza crab is famous as the Matsuba crab of the highest quality. The freshness of Taiza crab, landed at Taiza Fishing Port on the Tango Peninsula, is kept high by day fishing.

Nikujaga (Stewed meat and potatoes)

Maizuru is the birthplace of “nikujaga”, beloved throughout Japan as the taste of good old home cooking. “Nikujaga” came into being when, in an attempt make beef stew that the founding Commander-in-Chief of the Old Navy in Maizuru had in England, Japanese condiments (such as soy sauce and sugar) were used.

Fukuchiyama Confections

Fukuchiyama is one of the top producers of large, high-quality chestnuts called “Tamba Kuri”, black beans called “Tamba Kurumame”, and red beans called “Tamba Dainagon”. Various sweet shops offering confections abundant with these ingredients and more can be found throughout Fukuchiyama.

Sake (Local sake)

“Kyoto by the sea” is also the birthplace of sake. There are 13 sake breweries in the area, each creating their own unique sake, while on a small scale. Such a region is rare even in Japan.

Fruits

Cultivation of various types of fruit, like melons, watermelons, pears, peaches, strawberries, grapes, and blueberries, thrives in the Tango Peninsula area. The use of sandy soil with excellent drainage results in fruits that are sweet and juicy.
Enjoy your journey on a dining train!

Tango Kuromatsu offers passengers an ever-changing window view of the beautiful sea and the peaceful mountain range, as well as a gourmet experience that is uniquely “Kyoto by the sea”.

**Factors for Travel**

1. Kyo-sudare bamboo blinds used as window shades
2. A Japanese-style atmosphere with walls adorned with pine motifs
3. Shelves displaying local specialties

Enjoy the experience of grilling and feasting on fresh fish found only in the Sea of Japan.

Presented with confidence is a wide variety of confections featuring local ingredients, prepared with meticulous care that is uniquely Kuromatsu.

Enjoy dishes showcasing the flavors of ingredients unique to “Kyoto by the sea.” The abundant variety of ingredients is also sure to satisfy.

*Photographs are for illustrative purposes only. Menus and experiences are subject to change due to seasonality.

Convenient for travel to “Kyoto by the sea” the economical way with the free passport!

The free passport offers unrestricted use of trains, buses, sightseeing boats, cable cars, lifts, and rental bicycles.

*Content of the free passport is subject to change due to seasonality.

**An economical and convenient passport for a tour of the entire “Kyoto by the sea” area!**

**To the boathouses in the Ine area**

**To the hot springs in the Kyotango area**

**Also for sightseeing in the Maizuru area**

For information on the free passport:

- **Kyoto Tango Railway** Tel: 0772-25-2323 (Weekdays 9 am to 6 pm)
- **Tango Kairiku Kotsu Co., Ltd.** Tel: 0772-42-0323 (Weekdays 9 am to 5:45 pm)
- **Kyoto Kotsu Co., Ltd.** Tel: 0773-75-5000 (Weekdays 9 am to 6 pm)
Getting to “Kyoto by the sea”

Highway bus

Tourist Information Centers of “Kyoto by the sea”
- Fukuchiyama / TEL. 0773-22-2228
- Maizuru / TEL. 0773-75-8600
- Ayabe / TEL. 0773-42-9550
- Kyotango (Mineyama)
- Ine / TEL. 0772-32-0277
- Yosano / TEL. 0772-43-0155

Railway / Fixed-route bus

*Travel time refers to the minimum amount of time required when Limited Express and Rapid train services are used (excluding lines with very limited operation).

KYOTO KOTSU <Highway bus> 0773-76-8800 <Fixed-route bus> 0773-75-6000
http://www.kyotokotsu.jp/
Tango Kairiku Kotsu 0772-42-0338
http://www.tankai.jp/
Hankyu Bus 06-6866-3147
http://bus.hankyu.co.jp/
*Travel time is subject to change depending on operating conditions, buses used, traffic conditions, etc.

© indicates required travel time (minutes). Travel time is subject to change depending on traffic conditions, etc.

Indicates the travel time between stations.

“Kyoto by the sea” Tourism Zone
TEL : 0772-22-3770 E-mail : info@uminokyoto.jp
URL : www.uminokyoto.jp